

Santa Fe Weekly Gazette.

VOLUME II.

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Santa Fe Weekly Gazette.

PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY, BY
WILLIAM DREW.

TERMS.

WEEKLY: \$5 a year, payable invariably in advance; single copies 12 1/2 cents. Advertisements, \$1 50 per square of ten lines for the first insertion, and \$1 for every subsequent insertion.

THE U. S. Mail from Santa Fe to the States leaves regularly on the first day of each month.

Passage during the summer months \$125 00
winter months \$150 00
40lbs of baggage allowed to each passenger.

WALDO, HALL, & CO. Proprietors.
Santa Fe, Sept. 18, 1852.—1f

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

Territory of New Mexico, Third Judicial District
County of Socoero } Court, Nov. term, 1852

William S. Messervy
and James J. Webb
Petition to foreclose mortgage.

Sarah Bougette.

This day came the plaintiffs by their attorney, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that the said Sarah Bougette, defendant, is not a resident of this Territory, but resides beyond the limits thereof, so that the ordinary process of the law cannot be executed upon her.

It is therefore ordered by the Court that the said defendant enter her appearance before me on or before the first day of the next term of this Court, to be begun and held at the Court house in the town of Limaiter, on the first Monday of May next, A. D. 1853, and plead answer or demand to plaintiff's petition, or judgment will be entered against her. It is further ordered by the Court that notice, by publication, be given according to law.

A true copy. HENRY WINSLOW,
Clerk.

Limaiter, Socorro County,
December 21st, 1852.

J. W. REED, ATTORNEY AT LAW.

CITY OF SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO.
WILL practice in the Courts of Santa Fe, and adjoining counties; and will attend to criminal business in any part of the Territory.
Santa Fe, Sept. 25, 1852.—dmo

OFFICE OF COM. OF SUB.

FORT UNION, N. M., Dec. 22, 1852.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office, till 12 o'clock, M., on Tuesday the 28th day of February, 1853, for furnishing Flour to the U. S. Army's Troops, at the points and in the quantities mentioned, as follows:

At Taos, N. M. 125,000 pounds.
At Fort Union, N. M. 150,000 "
At Santa Fe, " 50,000 "
At Albuquerque, " 220,000 "
At Fort Conrad, " 125,000 "
At Fort Fillmore, " 230,000 "

The flour must be of "superfine" quality, and delivered in strong cotton "drilling" sacks, of 40lbs, each.

Proposals are invited for the whole amount, for that required at several points, or for that required at any particular point.

The contract or contracts to be made for one year, and the faithful fulfillment thereof to be guaranteed by two responsible securities whose names must be entered in the proposals.

One fourth of the amount, required at each point, must be delivered quarterly, commencing on the 1st day of August, 1853.

The Commissioner, or principal Assistant Commissioner of the subsistence in New Mexico, will reserve the right of increasing or diminishing the amount to be delivered at each and every point, by one third, by giving six months notice to that effect.

ISAAC BOWEN,
Capt. & C. S.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the undersigned has been granted letters of administration on the estate of Herman Grolman, deceased, by the Probate Judge of the county of San Miguel, Territory of New Mexico, bearing date the day of August, 1852, and all persons having claims against said estate are notified to present them for allowance within one year from the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from said estate, and if not within three years, shall be forever barred; and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to come forward and make settlement.

HENRY CONNELLY,
Administrator.

Las Vegas, Oct. 2, 1852.—1f.

OUTFITS FOR SANTA FE.

The subscriber respectfully informs the public of New Mexico, that at his establishment at WESTPORT, MISSOURI,

and by his agent at
COUNCIL GROVE,

Nebraska Territory, he is prepared to outfit and supply with every thing requisite for the journey to Santa Fe, companies or individuals, upon the most reasonable terms.

He believes that an acquaintance of many years with the Santa Fe trade, will enable him to give general satisfaction in the business.

ALBERT G. BOONE,
Santa Fe, Dec. 24, 1852.—28-3m.

D. V. WHITING, COMMISSIONER OF DEEDS.

Pennsylvania,
Connecticut,
New Hampshire.

Santa Fe, Jan. 1, 1852.—1f.

NEBRASKA HOUSE.

INDEPENDENCE, MISSOURI.

BY
B. W. TODD.

I have removed from the "Noland House," to the "Nebraska House," in Independence, Missouri. The Nebraska House is a large new building, and has recently been much improved by alterations and additions. Having taken this house for a term of years, I intend to make every effort to promote the convenience and comfort of travellers. The patronage of my friends and the travelling public is respectfully solicited.

B. W. TODD.

January 1st 1853.—1y.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the undersigned has been granted letters of administration on the estate of James W. Graves, deceased, by the Probate Judge of the County of Doña Ana, Territory of New Mexico, bearing date the 3rd December, 1852. All persons having claims against said estate are notified to present them for allowance within one year from the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from said estate, and if not within two years, shall be forever barred; and all persons indebted to said estate, are requested to come forward and make immediate settlement.

LUIS WM. GECK,
Administrator.

Doña Ana, Dec. 17, 1852.

Legislative Assembly.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Mr. Pino moved that the House resolve itself into committee of the whole, to take into consideration the bill in regard to Education; lost.

Mr. Vigil moved to go into committee of the whole, to take into consideration the Taxation law; agreed to.

Mr. Gonzalez in the chair.
The committee rose at 8 o'clock, and through their chairman, reported progress.

On motion, adjourned to 10 o'clock on Monday morning.

Monday, January 10—10 A. M.
House met. Journal of Saturday last was read and approved.

Mr. Pino from the committee on Territorial Affairs, reported a joint resolution, accompanied by a communication of Mr. Allen, Ex-Secretary of this Territory, touching the erection of a monument to the memory of the late Wm C Skinner, and recommended its adoption; read second and third time, and adopted.

On motion of Mr. Tuley, the House went into committee of the whole, to take into consideration the Taxation law, Mr. Martinez in the chair.

Section 11 of the bill, providing that an election shall be held in the month of —, in order that the Taxation law be approved or rejected by the people, raised a very arduous discussion. Messrs. Sena y Romero, Vigil, Tuley, F. Pino, Chavez of Rio Arriba, Candido Ortiz, and Baca y Pino advocated the rejection of this section, and the immediate enforcement of the law. Messrs. Wheaton, Gonzales of Taos, and Valdez, were opposed to this rejection, and used their eloquence to the utmost extreme, that the law be referred to the people for approval or rejection.

On motion, Section 11 was rejected. Committee rose at 11-2 o'clock, and through their chairman, reported some progress.

Mr. Candido Ortiz from a joint committee, reported that several bills passed this session, had been delivered to the Governor.

A message from the Governor, informing the House that he has approved and filed several acts passed this session. By leave, Mr. Gonzales of Taos, from the select committee, to whom were referred the petitions of the Sheriffs of Taos, San Miguel, and Bernalillo, reported in favor of the petitions, and introduced a bill for the relief of the said Sheriffs for money paid to E P West, late U S Attorney.

On motion, adjourned till 5 o'clock in the afternoon.

EVENING SESSION.

House met.
Mr. Martinez from a select committee, reported a bill in regard to morality, and recommended its passage; report adopted.

The bill, after sundry motions to refer, was referred to the committee on Education.

On motion of Mr. Valdez, the House went into committee of the whole to consider the Taxation law.

The committee rose at half past seven, and through the chairman, reported the bill with various amendments, and recommended its passage.

Mr. Gonzales of Taos, moved to amend Section 11, so that this law shall take effect on the last day of September, if approved by the people, but to be null if disapproved by them; carried, ayes 11—noes 10.

On motion of Mr. Pino, the report, with the amendment, was referred to the committee on the Judiciary; ayes 11—noes 10.

Mr. Martinez moved to adjourn till 10 o'clock to-morrow morning; lost.

On motion of Mr. Tuley, the bill entitled "Crimes and Punishments," and its report from committee of the whole, was taken up; Mr. Pino in the chair.

Mr. Gonzales of Taos, moved to amend the report by striking out Sections 22 and 23 of the bill; not agreed to.

Other amendments offered; but the main question was called, and taken up; report adopted; bill passed, ayes 14—noes 5.

Mr. C. Ortiz moved to reconsider; lost; ayes 12—noes 8; not two thirds.

On motion, adjourned until 1 minute after 10 o'clock to-morrow morning.

Thursday, January 11.

House met at 1 min. after 10 o'clock. As no quorum was present, a call of the House was ordered.

After a quorum had been obtained, the House proceeded in the order of the day; Mr. Jose E. Ortiz in the chair. Journal of yesterday was read and approved.

On motion of Mr. Wheaton—the bill providing that the laws passed in this Assembly, shall take effect thirty days after their publication. Mr. Wheaton moved to amend by striking out the word "thirty," and inserting the word "sixty;" adopted. Rules being suspended, it was read third time by its title, and passed.

On motion of Sena y Romero, a memorial to Congress, touching the hunting of the buffaloes, was taken up, read second and third time, and passed.

A bill for the relief of the Sheriffs of Taos, Bernalillo, and San Miguel, was read a second time; and on suspending the rules, read third time, and passed.

A bill providing for the payment of salaries of certain probate judges in this Territory, for the year 1851, read a second time.

Mr. Tuley from the committee on the Judiciary, reported the Taxation law back to the House, with some amendments, and recommended its passage.

The bill, with the report of the committee of the whole and the committee on the Judiciary, was read.

Mr. Gonzales of Taos, moved to amend the report by striking out the word "approved," and inserting the words "the bill be rejected;" carried, ayes 12—noes 8.

Mr. Tuley moved a call of the House; ordered, but immediately suspended.

Mr. Tuley moved reconsideration of the adoption of the amendment of Mr. Gonzales of Taos; agreed to.

Mr. Tuley moved to amend the amendment of Mr. Gonzales, to strike out the words "to be rejected," and insert the words "to be in force after the approval of the people of this Territory."

After an earnest discussion, Mr. Gonzales withdrew his amendment.

Call of the House, and dispensation of the same immediately.

Adjourned until 5 o'clock in the afternoon.

EVENING SESSION.

House met at 5 o'clock.

Mr. Wheaton offered a resolution to inform the Council, that this House will adjourn on Friday next at 10 o'clock P. M., until the second Monday in the month of May; adopted.

Mr. Wheaton offered a resolution obliging the standing committees of this House, to report on the respective business referred to them, by 5 o'clock to-morrow; adopted.

By leave, Mr. Tuley from a select committee, reported a bill amending the Election law, and recommending its passage; adopted.

After sundry amendments had been made to it, on suspending the rules, it was read third time, and passed.

A message from the Governor, that he has approved several bills passed this session, and filed them in the Secretary's office.

By leave, Mr. C. Ortiz from a select committee, reported a bill in regard to juries and the qualifications of jurors, and recommended its rejection.

Second reading of Bills:
A bill amending the law in regard to public ditches or acequias; read second and third time, and passed.

A bill amending Section 3 of the law amending the law establishing justices courts; read second and third time, and passed.

A bill authorizing the Territorial treasurer to contract a loan of \$500; read second and third time, and passed.

A bill in regard to respect due to civil authorities, and punishment for misconduct; read second and third time, and passed.

A bill touching the duties of the Auditor of the Territory; read second and third time, and passed.

A bill amending the law establishing the Treasury of the Territory; read second and third time, and passed.

From the Council:

A bill providing for the taking of depositions of witnesses in civil cases.

A memorial to Congress, touching the payment of contracted loans to Armijo and others.

A bill for the relief of the Sheriffs of Taos, Bernalillo and San Miguel.

A bill in regard to the payment for the erection of a monument to the late Skinner; passed the Council.

A bill amending the law in regard to sales and estrays of animals, was read and sent back to the Council.

A bill authorizing the Secretary to have printed the laws passed this session, read; the rules being suspended, read second and third time, and passed.

On motion of Mr. Pino, an act defining duties and jurisdiction of probate judges, was taken up.

The Craters of the Moon.

A FRIGHTFUL CHASM.

Not less than three-fifths of the surface of our satellite are studded with vast caverns, or rather circular pits, penetrating into its mass, and usually engirt at the top with a high wall of rock, which is sometimes serrated and crowned by peaks. These craters vary in diameter from fifty or sixty miles to the smallest place visible—probably 500 feet; and the numbers increase as the diameter diminishes, so that the multitude of the smaller ones becomes so great that we cannot reckon it. The ridge which environs the crater is always stopping on its external side, and steep or rather precipitous within, although it seldom descends to the cavern's base by a single cliff or leap—Within it, there are generally concentric ridges, assuming the form of terraces, and making the descent to the bottom, as the central chasm appears, more gradual. The bottom of the crater is sometimes convex, low ridges of mountains being also found running through it, while, at its center, conical peaks frequently rise, and smaller craters, whose height, however, seldom reaches the base of the exterior wall. These curious objects are so crowded, in some parts of the moon, that they seem to have pressed on each other, and disturbed, and even broken down each other's edges, so that, through their mutual interference, the most odd-shaped caverns have arisen.

The crater Tycho is that brilliant spot near the top of the moon, which, when the moon is full, appears the center of a system of shining streams or rays. The country around is peculiarly disturbed; there is no plain there, larger than a common field. Now, if passing across that rugged district, one were gradually approaching Tycho, its first and distant aspect would seem like an immense wall or ridge of rock in the horizon, with a stretch of nearly fifty miles, and reflecting the sun's rays with peculiar lustre; on approaching the ridge its character would change; we should then discern that it is part of an immense circle, but perhaps neither so lofty nor so steep, that a practiced mountaineer of the earth need shrink from its ascent. Suppose the ascent accomplished, and that with terrestrial ideas one stood on the summit. Trusting to the analogy of every disturbed region of our own planet, we must have thought of the opposite side, while it was unseen, only as a corresponding slope, or at least as a descent, which, if different in steepness, would correspond in extent; but the eye is now in presence of an appalling contrast!

On the edge of a dizzy cliff, passing down by unbroken leap for 13,000 feet, or 2,000 feet more than the summit of Mont Blanc rises above the level of the sea! It is quickly perceived, too, that this huge barrier encloses a vast circular area fifty-five miles in diameter; so that if the spectator were at the chasm's center, he would find around him on every side, at the distance of twenty-seven miles, a gigantic and unbroken wall—unbroken by a gap or ravine, or pass of any description—rising into the air 17,000 feet, and forbidding his return to the external world!

How frightful that seclusion in the moon—a chasm utterly impassable, its walls bare, rugged, hopeless as a prison's bars! It is a solitude too which nothing alleviates; verdure is never there, not the song of a bird; rain never refreshes, nor cloud shelters it; it is relieved from a scorching sun and flaming sky only by night with its stars. Nor among those countless pits is Tycho the most appalling. There are some of nearly equal depth whose diameter may

not exceed 3,000 feet; nay, towards the polar regions of the moon, caverns whose depths have never yet been illuminated by one beam of the solar light.—*Nicho.*

GOOD MANNERS.—There can be no general rule for good manners, that will supply the use of individual judgment in their application. A general rule may, in special cases, require to be reversed. The same conduct that is acceptable in one condition of mind becomes offensive in another; and what will please a stranger is often a nuisance to a member of the family. Attention, in the one case, has a welcome appearance of kindness and hospitality; in the other, it is troublesome and unwelcome officiousness. A good natured man will bear more familiarity than a reserved and unsocial one. A thick-skinned man will endure ruder habits than a thin-skinned one; and the habits will seem pleasanter to him than the favorite habits of his more sensitive counterpart. A well-mannered man will find out all this with an imperceptible glance of his eye, for he can see without staring, and he will act accordingly, accommodating himself to the temperament of his companion; and if his companion be equally well-mannered and accommodating, they understand one another immediately.

Mrs. Partington Ruralizing.

Mrs. Partington and Ike were huckle-berrying in the country, and a large swamp was warily canvassed to find the quart which she bore in her five-quart pail. She despaired of finding it. 'Look here, aunt,' said Ike, in a sort of confidential whisper, 'look in there and see what a lot of 'em.' There was a smile on the face of the boy, that betokened mischief, or it might have been a gleam of satisfaction at the prospect of filling the pail, but certainly a smile was around the little mouth, and the eyes caught it, and a roguish twinkle like a sunbeam lay sparkling there. 'I see,' said the old lady, and a moment later the log cabin bonnet, borrowed for the occasion, was seen above the tops of the bushes, its restlessness indicating the wearer's activity. Ike remained outside. Fizz-z! Buzz-z-z!—what was that?—a humbeeb, as we are a sinner. Another and another. The log cabin was besieged, and Mrs. Partington rushed frantically from the bushes, swinging the tin pail, and crying 'shoo! shoo!' with all her might. It was a trying time for the widow of Corporal Paul. And Ike did not escape, for a big humbeeb attacked him, and he roared heartily with a sting upon his cheek. The laugh disappeared. At the recital of their trouble at home, people regarded the matter as a trick of Ike's, but how could he have known about the humbeeb's nest being in there? Mrs. Partington avowed that she 'never was so frustrated by anything in her born days,' and people believed her. She thinks, notwithstanding the bees, that she would like to have a 'villain' in the country, and become an 'amatory' farmer.—*Carpet Bag.*

CHOICE OF A PROFESSION.—Old Gent.—Now, Augustus, you have had all the advantages of a good education. You have been well brought up, and as I believe you to be a well-disposed boy, I should wish you to choose your own profession. Come, what would you like to be?

Augustus—I know what I should like to be, but you wouldn't let me.

Old Gent.—What is it—a lawyer?

Aug.—No, it aint a lawyer.

Old Gent.—A doctor or a surgeon?

Aug.—No.

Old Gent.—A clergyman?

Aug.—No.

Old Gent.—A soldier?

Aug.—No.

Old Gent.—What then?

Aug.—Why, a clown at the circus.

CRIME IN NEW YORK.—There were no less than three homicides or murders in New York between Monday night and Wednesday noon. Monday night a woman pushed another down a flight of stairs, causing her death; Tuesday night, a party annoying a newly wedded pair, were fired on by a brother of the bride, and one of them killed; on Wednesday, at mid-day, and in a crowded street, an affray occurred, in which one of the participants was horribly mutilated by a cut in the abdomen, and died the same day.—*Baltimore Sun.*

TEXAS has a population of over 300,000; more than 30,000 over twenty-one years can neither read nor write.